Reception Autumn

Key Theme: Me - Pulse, rhythm patterns and high and low sounds.

My stories - Pulse, clap and play rhythm patterns, high and low sounds

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
	Me - Pulse, rhythm patterns and high and low sounds	
	1 — Listen and Respond: Me!	
	The children can	Others will find the pulse naturally.
	• Enjoy listening to the music and respond through dancing or other movement.	
	Recognise and name some of the characters and stories in the songs.	
	2 — Explore and Create	
	Games Track	
	Find the pulse in different ways and show this	 Enjoy thinking up and sharing their own idea
	through actions eg marching, jumping, moving	for actions.
	like a character from the song.	
	Copycat Rhythm Games	
	Copy back the rhythm of their name.	Clap the name of a friend for others to copy
	High and Low Games	
	Copy sounds they can hear to distinguish	
	high-pitched sounds from low-pitched sounds.	Enjoy finding and moving the pitch of their
		voices.
	3 — Singing: Learn to Sing the Song	
	Learn to sing the song in unison with	
	support.	
	Add actions or substitute a word in	Enjoy singing a song from memory.
	some sections.	
	4. Share and Darform	
	4 — Share and Perform	Enjoy the challenge of performing
	Choose one of the songs and perform it with any actions you have greated.	with just the backing track.
	it with any actions you have created.	with just the backing track.

Most children should respond to music, searching • Others will find the pulse naturally. out a steady pulse to move to. Some children will be able to move to the pulse in different ways and clap the rhythm of their name. Vocabulary: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, high sounds, low sounds, perform, unison, phrase. My stories - Pulse, clap and play rhythm patterns, high and low sounds. 1 — Listen and Respond: My Stories The children can • Enjoy listening to the music and respond through dancing or other movement. Most children should respond • Recognise and name some of the characters and stories in the songs. to music, searching • Others will find the pulse naturally. • Invent imaginary characters through movement or dancing. out a steady pulse to move to. Some children will 2 — Explore and Create be able to move to the pulse **Games Track** in different ways and • Find the pulse in different ways and show this clap the rhythm of their through actions eg marching, jumping, moving name. like a character from the song. Copycat Rhythm Games • Copy back a rhythm from the words of the song. • Enjoy thinking up and sharing their own ideas High and Low Games for actions. • Copy phrases from the songs to discuss high-pitched sounds from low-pitched sounds. • Clap some of the words from the song for Create your own sounds using others to copy. instruments • Play a pitched note or sound in • Enjoy finding and moving the pitch of their time with the pulse. voices within the songs. 3 — Singing: Learn to Sing the Song • Learn to sing the song in unison with support.

Add actions or substitute a word in	Enjoy finding a pattern on the
some sections.	instrument.
4 — Share and Perform Others will clap or play their own rhythm pattern. • Choose one of the songs and	
perform it with any actions you have	
created.	 Enjoy singing a song from memory.
Most children should respond to music in character, searching out a steady pulse to move to. Some children will be able to copy the rhythm of small phrases from the songs.	
Vocabulary: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, high sounds, low sounds, perform, unison, boogie, phrase.	Enjoy the challenge of performing with just the backing track
	Others will find the pulse naturally.

Reception Spring

Key Theme: Everyone - Pulse, clap and play rhythm and melodic patterns, high and low sounds.

Our world - Find and share pulse ideas, clap and play rhythm and melodic patterns, high and low sounds.

Previous Learning To be reinforced	Core Learning Intentions Age Related	Extension Opportunities Next steps
Most children should respond to music in character, searching out a steady pulse to move to. Some children will be able to copy the rhythm of small phrases from the songs.	Everyone - Pulse, clap and play rhythm and melodic patterns, high and low sounds. 1 — Listen and Respond: Everyone! The children can • Enjoy listening to the music and responding to music through dancing or other movement. • Enjoy listening to the music and responding to different speeds through dancing or other	Others will find the pulse naturally.

movement.	Enjoy thinking up and sharing their own
	ideas for actions.
2 — Explore and Create	
Games Track	
Find the pulse in different ways and show this	
through actions eg marching, jumping, moving.	
	Choose one phrase from the song and have
Copycat Rhythm Games	a go at clapping the rhythm.
Copy back the rhythms of phrases in the song.	
	Enjoy exploring the pitch of their voices.
High and Low Games	
Copy sounds they can hear to distinguish	
high-pitched sounds from low-pitched sounds.	
	Enjoy inventing a 2-note repeated pattern.
Create your own sounds using instruments	
Play a 1-note pattern in time with the pulse	Enjoy singing or rapping a song from memory.
3 — Singing: Learn to Sing the Song	
Learn to sing or rap the songs in	
unison with support.	
Add actions or substitute a word in	
some sections.	
	Enjoy the challenge of performing with just the backing track.
4 — Share and Perform	
Choose one of the songs or the rap	
and perform it with any actions you	
have created	Others will clap or play their own one or 2-
Listen back to the performance.	note patterns.
Most children should respond to music, inventing	

	their own ways to find the pulse. Some children will be able to play the pulse on an instrument.	
	Vocabulary: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, high sounds, low sounds, tempo, perform, rap, unison, congo, rondo, concerto, phrase.	
	Our world - Find and share pulse ideas, clap and play rhythm and melodic patterns, high and low sounds.	
Most children should respond to music,	1 — Listen and Respond: Everyone! The children can	Others will find the pulse naturally.
inventing their own ways to find the pulse. Some children will	Enjoy listening to the music and responding through dancing or other movement.	
be able to play the pulse on an instrument.	2 — Explore and Create Games Track	Enjoy thinking up and sharing their own ideas for actions.
	Find the pulse in different ways and show this through actions eg marching, jumping, moving.	Chance and physics from the cond and have
	Copycat Rhythm Games	Choose one phrase from the song and have a go at clapping the rhythm.
	Copy back the rhythms of phrases in the song. High and Low Games	Enjoy exploring the pitch of their voices.
	Copy sounds they can hear to distinguish high-pitched sounds from low-pitched sounds.	Enjoy inventing a 2-note repeated pattern.
	Create your own sounds using instruments • Play a 1-note pattern in time with the pulse.	Enjoy singing a song from memory.
	3 — Singing: Learn to Sing the Song	, , , ,

Yorke Mead Primary School Music Curriculum

- Learn to sing the songs in unison with support.
- Add appropriate actions or substitute a word in some sections.
- 4 Share and Perform
- Choose one of the songs and perform it with any actions you have created.
- Listen back to the performance.

Most children should respond to music, searching out a steady pulse to move to. Some children will be able to create their own actions and patterns.

Vocabulary: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, high sounds, low sounds, tempo, perform, rap, unison.

Enjoy the challenge of performing with just the backing track and adding actions to the songs.

Others will share and perform their ideas.

Reception Summer

Key Theme: Big bear funk - Pulse, rhythm and pitch in the context of Funk music.		
Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children should	Big bear funk - Pulse, rhythm and pitch in the context of Funk music	
respond to music,		
searching	1 — Listen and Respond: Big Bear Funk	
out a steady pulse to move	The children can	
to. Some children will	Enjoy listening and dancing to funk music.	Others will be able to talk about funk music.
be able to create their own		
actions and patterns.	2 — Explore and Create	
	Games Track	
	Find the pulse in different ways and show this	
	through actions eg funky monkey, funky chicken	Enjoy thinking up and sharing their own
	or funky bear.	ideas for actions.
	Rhythm Games	
	Copy back the rhythm of words from the video.	
	Clap the rhythm of words from the song.	Character State Control
		Clap a whole line of the song.
	High and Low Games	
	A Play Together	
	Play the pulse with a pitched note or untuned	
	percussion instrument.	
	B Pitch Activities	
	Add one pitched sound to the rhythm of words	
	and short phrases from the song.	Fui av alavina and avacuina antina vitth 2
		Enjoy playing and experimenting with 2-
		note or 3-note patterns.
	3 — Singing: Learn to Sing the Song	
	Learn to sing the songs in unison with	

support.	Enjoy singing a song from memory.
Add actions or substitute a word in	
some sections.	
4. Chara and Daufarra	
4 — Share and Perform	
Choose one of the songs and	
perform it with any actions you have	Enjoy the challenge of performing with just
created.	the backing track and adding actions to the
Listen back to the performance.	songs.
Most children should respond to music, in the	
context of Funk music. Some children will be able	
	Others will be able to perform with the
to share and assess their own performance.	backing track.
Vocabulary: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, high sounds, low	
sounds, tempo, perform, rap, unison, Funk.	

Year 1 Autumn

Key Theme: Hey You, Old School Hip-Hop, How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together.

Rhythm In The Way We Walk and The Banana Rap, Reggae, Pulse, rhythm and pitch, rapping, dancing and singing.

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Children sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. N and R to have a core set of nursery rhymes that will be learnt over the years as well as choices from children. Daily nursery rhyme sessions in all EY. Children perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and try to move in time to music. Dance morning Regular opportunities to dance to 'wake and shake' songs to learn routines and move in time to the music. Listen to a wide range of music and discuss thoughts and feelings about the music. This will include music from around the world (particularly music that would reflect the cultural background of cohort of children), classical music as well as other styles e.g. jazz. Learn Christmas songs and carols to perform to a larger audience of parents, siblings and KS2 children.	Hey You, Old School Hip-Hop, How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together 1 — Listening: Hey You! The children can • Find the pulse as they are listening to the main Unit song and understand that it is the heartbeat of the music. • Recognise and name two instruments they hear: Male vocal, bass guitar, drums, decks. 2 — Musical Activities Find the pulse • March in time with the pulse. • Be an animal finding the pulse.	Others will find the pulse to any other unit songs. Recognise and name more than two instruments they hear: Male vocal, bass guitar, drums, decks.
Children will have opportunities to play a range of percussion instruments and may choose to create instruments of their own. Vocabulary: Loud, quiet, volume, fast, slow, short, long, pulse, rhythm, tempo, dynamics, silence	 Clap rhythms Copy back the rhythms they hear. Clap the rhythm of their name over the track Sing	Create their own rhythm for others to copy
Through the scheme 'Charanga' and other games and activities children will also be taught the following knowledge and skills throughout the year in four key areas.	Rap and sing in time to the music Play instrumental parts	Lead the groups that are rapping and singing
Listen and Respond Knowledge To know 20 nursery rhymes off by heart	Play accurately and in time as part of the performance.	Some will play C + G

Yorke Mead Primary School Music Curriculum

 To know the stories of some of the nursery rhymes

Skills

- To know that music can touch your feelings
- To enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or popstars

Explore and Create Knowledge

- To know that we can move to the pulse of the music
- To know that the words of a song can tell stories and paint pictures

Skills

 How to find the pulse, copy basic rhythm patterns, explore high and low, inventing their own patterns

Singing Knowledge

- To sing and rap nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory
- Songs have sections

Skills

- To sing along to a pre-recorded song and add actions
- To sing along with a backing track

Share and Perform Knowledge

A performance is sharing music

Skills

- Perform any of the nursery rhymes by singing or adding actions or dance
- Performing any nursery rhymes or songs by adding a simple instrumental part
- Record the performance to talk about

Most will play C.

Improvise

- In the lessons and as part of the performance.
- Most will use C

Compose

• A simple melody using simple rhythms, and

use as part of the performance.

• Most will use C + D.

3 — Perform & Share

Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did the children like best? How did they feel about it. How did they feel during the performance?

Most children should know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. Some children will know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals.

Vocabulary: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, rap, improvise, compose, melody, bass guitar, drums, decks, perform.

Rhythm In The Way We Walk & Banana Rap - Pulse, rhythm and pitch, rapping, dancing and singing.

1- Listening: Rhythm In The Way We Walk & Banana Rap The children can

Some will play C + G

Some will play C, D + E

Others will create their own rhythms.

- Find the pulse as they are listening to the main Unit song and understand that it is the heartbeat of the music.
- Recognise and name two instruments they hear: Singers, keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion, trumpets and saxophones.
- 2 Musical Activities

Find the pulse

- March to the pulse.
- Copy back the rhythms they hear.
- Be an animal and keep the pulse.

Clap rhythms

- Copy and clap back rhythms.
- Clap the rhythm of your name.

Sing

- Rap and sing in time to the music.
- Start to understand that pitch is high and low sounds.

3 — Perform & Share

Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did the children like best? How did they feel about it. How did they feel during the performance?

Most children should know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. Some children will know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals.

Others will find the pulse to any other unit songs.

Recognise and name more then two instruments they hear: Singers, keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion, trumpets and saxophones.

Clap the rhythm of your favourite colour.

• Make up your own rhythm.

Vocabulary: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, rap, melody, singers, keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion, trumpets, saxophones, perform.

Others will create their own rhythms.

Year 1 Spring

Key Theme: In The Groove - How to be in the groove with different styles of music.

Round And Round - Pulse, rhythm and pitch in different styles of music.

Round And Round - Pulse, rhythm and pitch in different styles of music.			
Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities	
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps	
Children sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. N and R to have a core set of nursery rhymes that will be learnt over the years as well as choices from children. Daily nursery rhyme sessions in all EY. Children perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and try to move in time to music. Dance morning Regular opportunities to dance to 'wake and shake' songs to learn routines and move in time to the music. Listen to a wide range of music and discuss thoughts and feelings about the music. This will include music from around the world (particularly music that would reflect the cultural background of cohort of children), classical music as well as other styles e.g. jazz. Learn Christmas songs and carols to perform to a larger audience of parents, siblings and KS2 children. Children will have opportunities to play a range of percussion instruments and may choose to create instruments of their own. Vocabulary: Loud, quiet, volume, fast, slow, short, long, pulse, rhythm, tempo, dynamics, silence	In The Groove - How to be in the groove with different styles of music. 1 — Listening: In The Groove The children can • Find the pulse as they are listening to the main Unit song and understand that it is the heartbeat of the music. • Identity five different musical styles: Blues, Baroque, Latin, Irish Folk, Funk and name some of them. • Dance to each style or move to the pulse – be "In The Groove!" 2 — Musical Activities Find the pulse • March to the pulse. • Copy the actions on-screen. • Choose an animal and keep the pulse. Clap rhythms • Copy back the rhythms they hear. • Clap the rhythm of their name. • Clap the rhythm of their favourite food.	Others will find the pulse to any other unit songs.	
		Make up their own rhythms.	

Sing	
 Together and in time, in all the different styles. 	
Play instrumental parts	
Play accurately and in time as part of	
the performance.	
Most will play C.	
1 /	
Improvise	
• In the lessons and as part of the	
performance.	
Most will use C	
Will doc C	Sama will play C + D
Compasa	Some will play C + D.
Compose	
• A simple melody using simple rhythms,	
and use as part of the performance.	
• Most will use C + D.	
	Some will play C + D.
	Some will play o v Bi
3 — Perform & Share	
Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did	
the children like best? How did they feel	
about it. How did they feel during the performance?	
	Some will use C, D + E.
Most children should know that music has a	
steady pulse, like a heartbeat. Some children	
will know that we can create rhythms from	
words, our names, favourite food, colours and	
animals.	Others will create their own rhythms.
Vocabulary: Blues, Baroque, Latin, Irish Folk,	
Funk, pulse, rhythm, pitch, compose, improvise,	
perform, groove.	
periority groove.	
Pound And Pound Dulco rhythm and nitch in	
Round And Round - Pulse, rhythm and pitch in	
different styles of music.	

1 — Listening: Round And Round The children can

- Find the pulse as they are listening to the main Unit song and understand that it is the heartbeat of the music.
- Recognise and name two instruments they hear: Singers, keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion, trumpets and saxophones.

2 — Musical Activities

Find the pulse

- March to the pulse.
- Copy the actions on-screen.
- Use their imagination to find the pulse Clap rhythms
- Copy back the rhythms they hear.
- Clap the rhythm of their name.
- Clap the rhythm of their favourite animal.

Sing

• The song together with the actions

Play instrumental parts

- Play accurately and in time as part of the performance.
- Most will play D, F, C + D.

Play instrumental parts

- Play accurately and in time as part of the performance.
- Most will play D, F, C + D.

Others will find the pulse to any other unit songs.

Recognise and name more than two instruments they hear: Singers, keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion, trumpets and saxophones.

Make up their own rhythms.

Improvise In the lessons and as part of the performance. Most will use D	Some will use D + E.
3 — Perform & Share Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did the children like best? How did they feel about it. How did they feel during the performance? Most children should know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. Some children will know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. Vocabulary: Keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion, trumpets, saxophones, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience.	Others will create their own rhythms.

Year 1 Summer				
Key Theme: Your Imagination - Using your imagination.				
Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities		
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps		
Children sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. N and R to have a core set of nursery rhymes that will be learnt over the years as well as choices from children. Daily nursery rhyme sessions in all EY.	Your Imagination - Using your imagination. 1 — Listening: Your Imagination The children can • Find the pulse as they are listening to the main Unit song and understand that it is the heartbeat of the music.	Others will find the pulse to any other unit songs. Recognise and name more than two		
Children perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and try to move in time to music. • Dance morning	Recognise and name two instruments they hear: Keyboard, drums, bass, a female singer.	instruments they hear: Keyboard, drums, bass, a female singer.		

Yorke Mead Primary School Music Curriculum

- Regular opportunities to dance to 'wake and shake' songs to learn routines and move in time to the music.
- Listen to a wide range of music and discuss thoughts and feelings about the music. This will include music from around the world (particularly music that would reflect the cultural background of cohort of children), classical music as well as other styles e.g. jazz.
- Learn Christmas songs and carols to perform to a larger audience of parents, siblings and KS2 children
- Children will have opportunities to play a range of percussion instruments and may choose to create instruments of their own.

Vocabulary: Loud, quiet, volume, fast, slow, short, long, pulse, rhythm, tempo, dynamics, silence

2 — Musical Activities Find the pulse

- Be a pop star finding the pulse.
- Use their imagination to find the pulse.

Clap rhythms

- Copy and clap back rhythms.
- Clap the rhythm of their name.
- Clap the rhythm of their favourite animal.
- Clap the rhythm of their favourite colour.

Sing

• In unison and in two parts.

Play instrumental parts

- Play accurately and in time as part of the performance.
- Most will play C.

3 — Perform & Share

Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did the children like best? How did they feel about it. How did they feel during the performance?

Most children should know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. Some children will know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals.

Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience, imagination.

Make up their own rhythms.

Some will play C + D.

Others will find the pulse to any other unit songs.

Year 2 Autumn

Key Theme: South Africa and South African music – Hands, feet, heart

Ho Ho - Christmas and having fun!

Ho Ho Ho - Christmas and having fun!			
Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities	
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps	
Most children should know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. Some children will know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. Others will create their own rhythms.	Hands, feet, heart 1 — Listening: Hands, Feet, Heart The children can • Find the pulse as they are listening to the main Unit song and understand that it is the heartbeat of the music. • Recognise and name instruments they hear: Keyboard, bass, drums, electric guitars,	Others will find the pulse to any other unit songs. Recognise and name two or more instruments they hear	
others will create their own mythins.	saxophone, trumpet and vocals. Recognise all or many of the instruments they can hear. Musical Activities Find the pulse (a steady heartbeat) March in time with the pulse. Be an animal finding the pulse. Clap rhythms (long + short sounds whilst marching to the pulse) Know that rhythm is different to the pulse. Copy and clap back rhythms. Clap the rhythm of their name.		
	Singing in groups Recognise that songs sometimes have a question and answer section and a chorus Play instrumental parts Play accurately and in time Expected to play: G, A + C. Improvise	• Create simple rhythms themselves.	
	In the lessons and the performance.Most will use C.	• Greater depth: play G, A, B + C.	
		Some will play C + D	
	Compose		

A simple melody using simple rhythms,	
and use as part of the performance.	
• Most will use C + D.	
•	Some will use C, D + E or C, D, E, F + G.
3 — Perform & Share	
Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did	
the children like best? How did they	
feel about it. How did they feel during the performance?	
Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, electric guitars, saxophone,	
trumpet, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform,	
audience, question and answer, melody, dynamics, tempo	
Ho Ho - Christmas and having fun!	
1 — Listening: Ho, Ho, Ho (A fun song about Christmas)	
The children can	
• Find the pulse.	
• Understand that songs have a musical style. This song has a rap	
in it – spoken word.	
• Recognise and name some of the instruments/voices: Singers,	
keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion,	
trumpets and saxophones.	
2 — Musical Activities	
Find the pulse (a steady heartbeat)	
March and find the pulse.	Freestyle finding the pulse.
Be a rapper and find the pulse.	
Clap rhythms (long + short sounds whilst	
marching to the pulse)	
Copy and clap back rhythms.	
Clap the rhythm of your name.	
Clap the rhythm of your favourite colour.	Create their own rhythms for the class
Pitch	to copy back.
High and low sounds we add to the pulse	.,
and rhythm when we sing/play an	
instrument.	

Play instrumental parts

	 Play accurately and in time Most will play G, A + B. Sing and rap together and in time. Improvise using words. 3 — Perform & Share Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did the children like best? How did they feel about it. How did they feel during the performance? Vocabulary: Keyboard, bass, guitar, percussion, trumpets, saxophones, pulse, rhythm, pitch, perform, audience, rap, improvise, dynamics, tempo. 	Others will create their own rhythms.
--	---	---------------------------------------

Year 2 Spring

Key Theme: I wanna be in a band - Playing together in a band, and Rock music.

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
To be reinforced Most children should know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. Some children will know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. Others will create their own rhythms.	Age Related I wanna be in a band - Playing together in a band, and Rock music. 1 — Listening: I Wanna Play In A Band The children can • Find the pulse and know that this Unit is about Rock music. Others will understand that songs have a musical style. • Recognise and name some of the instruments they hear: Keyboard, drums, bass, electric guitar,	Others will recognise all or many of the instruments they can hear.
	singers. 2 — Musical Activities Find the pulse (a steady heartbeat) • March and find the pulse. • Be a rockstar finding the pulse. Clap rhythms (long + short sounds whilst marching to the pulse)	• Freestyle finding the pulse.

iviasic curriculum		
	 Copy and clap back rhythms. Clap the rhythm of their name. Clap the rhythm of their favourite colour. Sing and dance together, in time and using actions 	Create their own rhythms for the class to copy back.
	Play instrumental parts Play accurately and in time. Most will play D + C. Improvise In the lessons and the performance. Most will use F.	 Some will play G, F + C. Some will use F + G.
	Compose • A simple melody using simple rhythms, and use as part of the performance. • Most will use F, G + A. 3 — Perform & Share Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did the children like best? How did they feel about it. How did they feel during the performance? Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, electric guitar, Rock, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience, melody, dynamics, tempo. Zoo time - Animals and Reggae music 1 — Listening: Zootime The children can	Others will create their own rhythms.
	 Find the pulse and know that this Unit is about Reggae music. Recognise and name some of the instruments they hear: Keyboard, drums, bass, electric guitar, 	Others will understand that songs have a musical style.
	singers. 2 — Musical Activities Find the pulse (a steady heartbeat) • Be an animal of your choice. Clap rhythms (long + short sounds)	Others will recognise all or many of the instruments they can hear.

• Copy and clap back rhythms.

• Clap the rhythm of their name.

• Clap the rhythm of their favourite colour. Pitch: High and low sounds we add to the pulse and rhythm when we sing/play an instrument. Sing and dance together, in time and using actions.

Play instrumental parts

• Play accurately and in time.

• Some will use C.

• Most will use C + D.

Improvise

• In the lessons and the performance.

• Some will use C.

• Most will use C + D.

Compose

• A simple melody using simple rhythms, and use as part of the performance.

• Most will use C+D.

• Some will use C, D + E.

3 — Perform & Share

Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did the children like best? How did they feel about it. How did they feel during the performance?

Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, electric guitar, Reggae, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, audience, melody, dynamics, tempo.

• Create their own rhythms for the class to copy back.

Others will create their own rhythms.

Year 2 Summer

Key Theme: Friendship song – being friends

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children should know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. Some children will know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. Others will create their own rhythms.	Friendship song – being friends 1 — Listening: Friendship Song The children can • Find the pulse and know that this Unit is about being friends. • Recognise and name some of the instruments they hear: Keyboard, drums, bass, a female singer, a glockenspiel. 2 — Musical Activities Find the pulse (a steady heartbeat) • Decide how to find the pulse. Clap rhythms (long + short sounds) • Clap the rhythm of their name. • Clap the rhythm of their favourite colour. Sing: In two parts. Play instrumental parts • Play accurately and in time. • Most play E + G. • Some will play C. Improvise	Others will understand that songs have a musical style. Others will recognise all or many of the instruments they can hear. • Create their own rhythms for the class to copy back.
	 In the lessons and as part of the performance. Most will use C. Compose A simple melody using simple rhythms, and use as part of the performance. Most will use E + G. 3 — Perform & Share Look back at the recorded performance with the class. What did the children like best? How did they feel about it. How did they feel during the performance? Vocabulary: Keyboard, drums, bass, glockenspiel, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose, perform, 	 Some will use C + D. Some will use E, G A + B. Others will create their own rhythms.

audience, melody, dynamics, tempo.	

Year 3 Autumn

Key Theme: Wider opportunities **Violin, viola, cello and double bass**

violii, viola, cello alla double bass			
Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities	
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps	
Most children should know that music has	Pupils learn about the string instruments, how to care for	Practise and perform more complex parts.	
a steady pulse. Some children will know	them and how to play them.		
that we can create rhythms from words,			
our names, favourite food, colours and	They will play and perform in solo and ensemble		
animals. Some will know that rhythms are	contexts, using their voices and playing musical		
different from the pulse. Some will know	instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control		
that we add high and low sounds, pitch,	and expression.		
when we sing and play our instruments.	·		
Others will create their own rhythms.	listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with		
	increasing aural memory.		
	increasing aural memory.		
	use and understand musical notations.		
	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes		
	using the interrelated dimensions of music.		
	Vessbulany instrument perform string bridge boy pluck		
	Vocabulary: instrument, perform, string, bridge, bow, pluck, compose, pulse,		
	rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture		
	structure, melody ensemble, accuracy, control, expression,		
	notes.		
	Tiotes.		

Year 3 Spring

Key Theme: Three Little Birds - Reggae, happiness and animals.

The Dragon Song - Traditional Folk tunes from around the world, celebrating our differences and being kind to one another.

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
_	_	
their instrument and be able to play simple pieces from memory.	use and understand musical notations. Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music. Vocabulary: instrument, perform, string, bridge, bow, pluck, compose, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture structure, melody ensemble, accuracy, control, expression, notes.	

Year 3 Sum	ım	er
------------	----	----

Key Theme: Bringing Us Together - This is a Disco song about friendship, peace, hope and unity

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children should know that music has a steady pulse. Some children will know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. Some will know that rhythms are different from the pulse. Some will know that we add high and low sounds, pitch, when we sing and play our instruments. Others will create their own rhythms. Children should be confident with handling their instrument and be able to play simple pieces from memory.	Pupils learn about the string instruments, how to care for them and how to play them. They will play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression. listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. use and understand musical notations. Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music. Perform to a live audience. Vocabulary: instrument, perform, string, bridge, bow, pluck, compose, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture structure, melody ensemble, accuracy, control, expression, notes.	Practise and perform more complex parts. Develop and share their extended knowledge of their instruments.

Year 4 Autumn

Key Theme: Mamma Mia - ABBA's music

Glockenspiel Stage 2 - Exploring and developing playing skills using the glockenspiel

Glockenspiel Stage 2 - Exploring and developing playing skills using the glockenspiel.		
Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children should know the difference	Mamma Mia - ABBA's music	
between pulse and rhythm.		
Others will know how pulse, rhythm and	1 – Listen & Appraise: Mamma Mia (Pop, Abba's Music)	
pitch	The children can: •Identify the piece's structure: Intro, verse, bridge, chorus,	
work together to create a song.	introduction, verse, bridge, chorus.	
	•Identify the instruments/voices: Keyboard sounds imitating	
	strings, a glockenspiel playing as a keyboard, electric guitar, bass,	
	drums.	Others will identify changes in tempo, dynamics and texture.
	•Find the pulse whilst listening.	
	2. Musical Activities using glocks and /or recorders. Most shildren	Constitution of the Cold Constitution of the Constitutio
	2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders. Most children can complete the Bronze and Silver Challenges.	Some will complete the Gold if working at greater depth.
	can complete the bronze and onver onlinenges.	
	Warm-up Games copy back, play, invent rhythmic and melodic	
	patterns.Bronze Challenge: rhythm patterns.Silver Challenge: G,	
	sometimes A and reading notes.	Gold Challenge: G + A and reading notes.
	Singing in unison. Play instrumental parts accurately and in time, as	
	part of the performance. The easy part: G by ear.	The medium part: G + A by ear and from notation.
	part of the performance the easy part of by ear.	The mediani part. G (A by car and non-notation.
	Improvise in the lessons and as part of the performance. Bronze	
	Challenge: G.Silver Challenge: G and sometimes A.	Gold Challenge: G + A.
	Compose a simple melody using simple rhythms and use it as part	
	of the performance. Using the notes: G, A + B.	Using the notes: G, A, B, D + E (pentatonic scale).

3 — Perform & Share Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Did they enjoy it? What went well? What could have been better?

Most children will know the difference between pulse and rhythm and be able to keep the internal pulse.

Vocabulary: Keyboard, electric guitar, bass, drums, improvise, compose, melody, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture, structure, compose, improvise, hook, riff, melody, solo, pentatonic scale, unison.

Glockenspiel Stage 2 - Exploring and developing playing skills using the glockenspiel.

1 – Musical Activities using glocks

The child can learn more complex rhythm patterns.

Revise, playing the notes C, D, E, F + G.

Learn to play these tunes:

- Mardi Gras Groovin'
- Two-Way Radio
- Flea Fly
- Rigadoon
- Mamma Mia

Revisit these tunes from Stage 1:

- Portsmouth
- Strictly D
- Play Your Music
- Drive

Compose using the notes C, D, E, F + G.

2 — Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by

Some children will start to make their own musical decisions and get involved in musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.

Revise, reading the notes C, D, E, F + G. Learn to play these tunes:

- Mardi Gras Groovin'
- Two-Way Radio
- Flea Fly
- Rigadoon
- Mamma Mia

Revisit these tunes from Stage 1:

- Portsmouth
- Strictly D
- Play Your Music
- Drive

Compose using the notes C, D, E, F + G.

pulse and rhythm and be able to keep the their internal pulse.	Some children will start to make their own musical decisions and get involved in musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.
--	---

Year 4 Spring

Key Theme: Stop! - Grime and other styles of music Lean On Me - Soul/Gospel music and helping each other.

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children should know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Others will know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song.	Stop! - Grime and other styles of music 1 – Listen & Appraise: Stop! (Grime) The children can: • Identify the structure: Intro and 6 rapped verses, each with a sung chorus. • Identify the instruments/voices: Digital/electronic sounds, turntables, synthesizers, drums	Find the pulse whilst listening and identify tempo changes, changes in dynamics and texture.
	2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders. Most children can complete the Bronze and Silver Challenges.	Gold Challenge: C + D and reading notes.
	Warm-up Games copy back, play, invent rhythmic and melodic patterns. Bronze Challenge: rhythm patterns.	

Silver Challenge: C, sometimes D and reading notes

Singing and rapping in unison and in parts. Compose own rapped lyrics about bullying or another topic or theme that you decide as a class.

3 — Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Did they enjoy it? What went well? What could have been better?

Most children should know the difference between pulse and rhythm.

Vocabulary: Musical style, rapping, lyrics, choreography, digital/electronic sounds, turntables, synthesizers, drums, unison, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture structure, compose, improvise, hook, riff, melody, solo.

Lean On Me - Soul/Gospel music and helping each other.

- 1 Listen & Appraise: Lean On Me (Soul/Gospel) The children can:
- Identify the piece's structure: Intro, verse 1, chorus, verse 2, bridge, chorus, bridge, verse 3, outro.
- Identify the instruments/voices: Male vocal, backing vocal, piano, bass, drums, organ.

Gold Challenge: C + D and reading notes.

Others will will start to make their own musical decisions and get involved in musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond

to.

Find the pulse whilst listening and identify tempo changes, changes in dynamics and texture 2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders. Some will complete the Gold if working at Most children can complete the Bronze and greater depth. Silver Challenges. Warm-up Games copy back, play, invent rhythmic and melodic patterns. Bronze Challenge: rhythm patterns. Silver Challenge: F sometimes G and Gold Challenge: F + G and reading notes. reading notes. Singing in unison. Play instrumental parts accurately and in time, as part of the performance. The medium part: E, F + G by ear and from The easy part: C + F by ear notation. Improvise in the lessons and as part of the performance. Bronze Challenge: F. Gold Challenge: F + G. Silver Challenge: F and sometimes G. Compose a simple melody using simple rhythms and use it as part of the performance. Using the notes: C, D, F, G + A Using the notes: F, G + A 3 – Perform & Share Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Did they enjoy it? What went well? What could have been better? Some children will start to make their own musical decisions and get involved in musical Most children will know the difference between leadership, creating musical ideas for the group pulse and rhythm and be able to keep the to copy or respond to.

internal pulse.	
Vocabulary: Unison, by ear, notation, improvise, melody, pitch, rhythm, pulse, composition, backing vocal, piano, bass, drums, organ, tempo, dynamics, texture, structure, compose, hook, riff, melody, solo.	

Year 4 Summer

Key Theme: Blackbird - The Beatles, equality and civil rights

Rey Meme: Diackbild - The beatles, equality and civil rights		
Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children should know the difference	Blackbird - The Beatles, equality and civil rights	
between pulse and rhythm.		
Others will know how pulse, rhythm and	1 – Listen & Appraise: Blackbird (Pop)	
pitch	The children can:	
work together to create a song.	• Identify the themes: Equality, civil rights.	
	• Identify instruments/voices: Solo male vocals in the verses,	Do the words tell a story? Does the music create
	another male vocal in the choruses,	a story in your imagination? What story?
	acoustic guitar, percussion, birdsong.	
	2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders.	
	Most children can complete the Bronze and Silver	Some will complete the Gold if working
	Challenges	at greater depth.
	Warm-up Games copy back, play, invent rhythmic	
	and melodic patterns.	
	Bronze Challenge: rhythm patterns.	Gold Challenge: C + D and reading notes.
	Silver Challenge: C, sometimes D and reading notes.	Gold Challenge. C + D and reading notes.
	Singing in unison.	
	Play instrumental parts accurately and in time,	
	as part of the performance.	

The easy part C + G by ear.

Improvise in the lessons and as part of the performance.

Bronze Challenge: C.

Silver Challenge: C and sometimes D.

Compose a simple melody using simple rhythms and use it as part of the performance.

Using the notes: C, D + E.

3 — Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Did they enjoy it? What went well? What could have been better?

Most children will know the difference between pulse and rhythm and be able to keep the internal pulse.

Vocabulary: Acoustic guitar, percussion, birdsong, civil rights, racism, equality, pentatonic scale, unison, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture, structure, compose, improvise, hook, riff, melody, solo.

The medium part: G, A, B + C by ear and from notation.

Gold Challenge: C, D + E.

Using the notes: C, D, E, G + A (pentatonic scale).

Some children will start to make their own musical decisions and get involved in musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.

Year 5 Autumn

Key Theme: Livin' On A Prayer - Rock anthems. Classroom Jazz 1 - Jazz, improvisation and Swing

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children will know the difference	Livin' On A Prayer - Rock anthems.	reac steps
between	Can you listen and appraise a piece of music?	
pulse and rhythm and be able to keep the	1 – Listen & Appraise: Livin' On A Prayer (Rock)	
internal	The children can:	
pulse. Some children will start to make	• Identify the piece's structure: Intro, verse 1, bridge, chorus, intro,	
their own	verse 2, bridge, chorus, guitar	
musical decisions and get involved in	solo, bridge, chorus.	
musical	• Identify the instruments/voices: Lead vocal, electric guitar, bass	Others will identify changes in tempo, dynamics
leadership, creating musical ideas for the	guitar, drums, keyboard.	and texture.
group		
to copy or respond to.	Can you play an instrument in time with a piece of music?	
to copy of respond to.	Can you play an instrument in time with a piece of music? 2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders	Some will complete the Gold if working at
	Most children can complete the Bronze and Silver	greater depth.
	Challenges	
	, and the second	
	Warm-up Games Rhythm and Pitch Copy Back, and	
	Question and Answer.	
	Bronze Challenge: G.	
	Silver Challenge: G + A and reading notes.	Gold Challenge: G, A + B and reading notes.
	Cianina in uniona	
	Singing in unison. Play instrumental parts accurately and in time as	And from notation.
	part of the performance.	The medium part D, E, F sharp + G by ear and
	The easy part G, A + B by ear	from notation.
	,,	
	Improvise in the lessons and as part of the	
	performance.	Gold Challenge: G, A + B.
	Bronze Challenge: G.	
	Silver Challenge: G + A.	

Compose a melody using simple rhythms and use as part of the performance.
Using the notes: G, A + B.

Using the notes: G, A, B, D + E (pentatonic scale).

Can you perform music to others?

3 – Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience? Did you communicate ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk musically about it. What went well? What could have been better?

Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse

Vocabulary: Rock, structure, pulse, rhythm, pitch, bridge, backbeat, amplifier, tempo, texture, dynamics, chorus, bridge, riff, hook, improvise, compose.

Classroom Jazz 1 - Jazz, improvisation and Swing.

Can you listen and appraise a piece of music?

- 1 Listen & Appraise: The Three Note Bossa & Five Note Swing The children can
- Identify the structure (Three note Bossa): Intro tune, lead tune, lead repeated, improvisation, lead.

Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.

Yorke Mead Primary School Music Curriculum

Identify the structure: (Five note Swing): 8-bar intro, 8-bar tune repeated, middle 8, lead, lead.
Identify instruments/voices: Piano, bass, drums, glockenspiel.

Teacher Assessment – Classroom Jazz 1 – Year 5, Unit 2 Black text: Most children will be working at this expected standard.

Aqua text: Others will be working at greater depth.

Can you play music by ear using the notes G, A + B and D, E,

2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders

The children can play instrumental parts with the music by ear using the notes G, A + B and D, E,

G.A+B.

Improvise in a Bossa Nova style using the notes: G, A + B.

Improvise in a swing style using the notes:

D + E.

D, E, G.

D, E, G, A + B.

Can you contribute to a performance?

3 – Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by

performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it

afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience? Did you communicate ideas, thoughts and

feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk musically about it. What went well? What could have

been better?

Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse

Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.

Vocabulary: Appraising, Bossa Nova, syncopation, structure, Swing, tune/head, note values, note

names, Big bands, improvise, pulse, rhythm, pitch,	
tempo, dynamics, riff, hook, solo.	

Year 5 Spring

Key Theme: Make You Feel My Love - Pop ballads
The Fresh Prince Of Bel-Air - Old-school Hin Hon

The Fresh Prince Of Bel-Air - Old-school Hip Hop		
Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children will know the difference	Make You Feel My Love - Pop ballads	
between	Can you listen and appraise music and find a pulse?	
pulse and rhythm and be able to keep the	1 – Listen & Appraise: Make You Feel My Love (Pop)	
internal	Structure: Piano intro, verse 1, verse 2, chorus, verse 3, interlude,	
pulse. Some children will start to make	chorus, verse 4 with tag ending.	
their own	Identify the instruments/voices: Strings, piano, guitar, bass, drums.	
musical decisions and get involved in	Can you find the pulse as you are listening? Is the tempo fast, slow	
musical	or inbetween? Dynamics? Texture?	
leadership, creating musical ideas for the	Can you play a musical instrument in time?	
group	2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders	
to copy or respond to.	Most children can complete the Bronze and	Some will complete the Gold if
to copy of respond to.	Silver Challenges	working at greater depth.
	Warm-up Games Rhythm and Pitch Copy Back, and	
	Question and Answer.	
	Bronze Challenge: C.	
	Silver Challenge: C + D and reading notes.	Gold Challenge: C, D + E and reading notes.
		dola chancinge. c, b + E and redaing notes.
	Singing in unison.	
	Play instrumental parts accurately and in time as	
	part of the performance.	
	The easy part C, D + E by ear	and from notation.
		The medium part C, D, E, F + G by ear and from
	Improvise in the lessons and as part of the	notation.
	performance.	

Bronze Challenge: C. Silver Challenge: C + D

Compose a melody using simple rhythms and use as part of the performance.
Using the notes: C, D + E.

Can you perfoma nad reflect on your perfomance?

3 - Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience? Did you communicate ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk musically about it. What went well? What could have been better?

Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse

Vocabulary: Ballad, verse, chorus, interlude, tag ending, strings, piano, guitar, bass, drums, melody, compose, improvise, cover, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure.

The Fresh Prince Of Bel-Air - Old-school Hip Hop

Can you listen and appraise a song?

1 – Listen & Appraise: The Fresh Prince Of Bel-Air (Hip Hop) The children can

• Identify the piece's structure: Piano intro, verse 1, verse 2, chorus, verse 3, interlude, chorus, verse

Gold Challenge: C, D + E.

Using the notes: C, D, E, F + G.

Others will take on

a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.

 4 with tag ending Identify the instruments/voices: Loops, samples, decks, scratching, drums, bass, synthesizer, rapper. Find the pulse whilst listening Can you use your voice to create a rap? 2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders Most children can complete the Bronze and Silver Challenges 	Find the pulse whilst listening. Others will identify changes in tempo, dynamics and texture. Some will complete the Gold if working at greater depth.
Warm-up Games Rhythm and Pitch Copy Back, and Question and Answer. Bronze Challenge: D. Silver Challenge: D + E and reading notes. Singing/rapping. Play instrumental parts accurately and in time as part of the performance. The easy part: D + A by ear	Gold Challenge: D, E + F and reading notes. and from notation.
The medium part: G + A by ear	and from notation.
Improvise in the lessons and as part of the performance. Bronze Challenge: D. Silver Challenge: D + E. Compose a melody using simple rhythms and use as part of the performance.	The harder part: C, D, E, F, G, A by ear and from notation. Gold Challenge: D, E + F.
Using the notes: D, E + F Can you perform a song and explain what could have gone well? 3 – Perform & Share Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it	Q

afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience? Did you communicate ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk musically about it. What went well? What could have been better?	
Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse	Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.
Vocabulary: Old-school Hip Hop, Rap, riff, synthesizer, deck, backing loops, Funk, scratching, unison, melody, compose, improvise, cover, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure.	

Year 5 summer

Key Theme: Dancing In The Street - Motown.

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children will know the difference	Dancing In The Street - Motown.	
between	Can you listen and appriase Motown?	
pulse and rhythm and be able to keep the	1 – Listen & Appraise: Dancing In The Street (Motown)	
internal	The children can	
pulse. Some children will start to make	• Identify the piece's structure: Intro, verse 1, chorus, bridge, verse	
their own	2, chorus, bridge, verse 3.	
musical decisions and get involved in	Identify instruments/voices: Female voice and female backing	Find the pulse whilst listening. Others will
musical	vocals, keyboard, drums, bass guitar (rhythm section), brass section (trumpet, trombone and sax).	identify changes in tempo, dynamics and
leadership, creating musical ideas for the	guitar (mythin section), brass section (trumpet, trombone and sax).	texture.
group		
to copy or respond to.	Can you sing in two parts?	
	2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders	Sama will camplate the Cold
	Most children can complete the Bronze and	Some will complete the Gold

Silver Challenges	if working at greater depth
Warm-up Games Rhythm and Pitch Copy Back,	
and Question and Answer.	
Bronze Challenge: F.	
Silver Challenge: F + G and reading notes	Gold Challenge: F, G + A and reading notes.
Singing in two parts.	
Play instrumental parts accurately and in time as	
part of the performance.	
The easy part: G by ear	and from notation
The medium part: G + A by ear	and from notation.
	The harder part: F, G , A, + D by ear and from notation.
Improvise in the lessons and as part of the	
performance.	
Bronze Challenge: D.	
Silver Challenge: D + E	Gold Challenge: D, E + F
Compose a melody using simple rhythms and	
use as part of the performance.	Using the notes: C, D E, F + G.
Using the notes: C, D, + E.	
Can you perform a song and share this?	
3 – Perform & Share	
Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an	
instrumental part, improvising or by	
performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss	
their thoughts and feelings	
towards it afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience?	
Did you communicate ideas,	
thoughts and feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk	
musically about it. What went well?	

What could have been better?	Others will take on a musical
Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure	leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.
work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal	
pulse.	
Vocabulary: Soul, groove, riff, bass line,	
backbeat, brass section, harmony, hook,	
melody, compose, improvise, cover, pulse,	
rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture,	
structure.	

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse. Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the	Happy - Being happy! 1 – Listen & Appraise: Happy (Pop/Neo Soul) The children can • Describe the style indicators of the song/music. • Describe the structure of the song. • Identify the instruments/voices they can hear. • Talk about the musical dimensions used in the song. 2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders Most children can complete the Bronze and Silver	Some will complete the Gold if working
group to copy or respond to.	Challenges Warm-up Games Rhythm and Pitch Copy Back, and Question and Answer.	at greater depth

Bronze Challenge: A.

Silver Challenge: A + G and reading notes.

Singing in two parts.

Play instrumental parts accurately and in time as part of the performance.

The easy part: A + G by ear

The medium part: A, G + B by ear

Improvise in the lessons and as part of the performance.

Bronze Challenge: A. Silver Challenge: A + G

Compose a melody using simple rhythms and use as part of the performance.
Using the notes: A, G + B.

3 – Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising

or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and

feelings towards it afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience? Did you

communicate ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk musically

about it. What went well? What could have been better?

Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse.

Gold Challenge: A, G + B and reading notes.

and from notation

and from notation.

The harder part: G, A, B, C, D + E by ear and from notation.

Gold Challenge: A, G + B.

Using the notes: C, E, G, A + B.

Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.

Vocabulary: style indicators, melody, compose, improvise, cover, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure, dimensions of music, Neo Soul, producer, groove, Motown, hook, riff, solo.

Classroom Jazz 2 - Jazz, improvisation and composition

- 1 Listen & Appraise: Bacharach Anorak and Meet The Blues The children can
- Describe the style indicators of the song/music.
- Describe the structure of the song.
- Identify the instruments/voices they can hear.
- Talk about the musical dimensions used in the songs.
- 2 Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders The children can:

Play instrumental parts with the music by ear using the notes C , D , E ,

F, G, A, B + C. And C, Bb, G, F + C (Meet The Blues).

Improvise in Bacharach Anorak using the notes:

C, D.

C, D, E.

C, D, E, F, G.

Improvise in a Blues style using the notes:

C.

C, Bb, G.

3 - Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it

C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C.

C, Bb, G, F + C.

afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience? Did you communicate ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk musically about it. What went well? What could have been better?	
Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse	Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.
Vocabulary: Blues, Jazz, improvisation, by ear, melody, compose, improvise, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure, dimensions of music, hook, riff, solo	

Year 6 Spring

Key Theme: A New Year Carol - Benjamin Britten's music and cover versions.

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse. Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.	A New Year Carol - Benjamin Britten's music and cover versions. 1 – Listen & Appraise: A New Year Carol (The music of Benjamin Britten) The children can: • Describe the style indicators of the song/music. • Describe the structure of the song. • Identify the instruments/voices they can hear. • Talk about the musical dimensions used in the song. 2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders.	Describe the mood and story told?
	Warm-up Games Pulse, rhythm and pitch games:	

- Learn to clap some of the the rhythms used in the song.
- Learn some musical phrases that you will sing in the song.

Try the extension rhythm and pitch game.

Singing in unison. Sing the song in its original style and the Urban Gospel version.

3 – Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience? Did you communicate ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk musically about it. What went well? What could have been better?

Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse.

Vocabulary: Melody, compose, improvise, cover, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure, dimensions of music, ostinato, phrases, unison, Urban Gospel.

You've Got A Friend - The music of Carole King.

1 – Listen & Appraise: You've Got A Friend (The music of Carole King) The children can: Describe the style indicators of the song/music.

• Describe the structure of the song.

Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.

Identify the instruments/voices they can hear.	
Talk about the musical dimensions used in the song.	
2. Musical Activities using glasks and/or recorders	
2 – Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders	
Most children can complete the Bronze and	
Silver Challenges	
Warm-up games Rhythm and Pitch Copy Back,	
and Question and Answer.	Some will complete the Gold
Bronze Challenge: A.	if working at greater depth.
Silver Challenge: A + G and reading notes.	in tronting at greater depair
and reading re	
Singing in unison.	
Play instrumental parts accurately and in time	Gold Challenge: A, G + E and reading notes.
as part of the performance.	
The easy part: G, A + B by ear	
The medium part: C, D, E + F by ear and from notation.	
	And from notation.
Improvise in the lessons and as part of the	The harder part: D, E, F, G, A, B + C by ear and
performance.	from notation.
Bronze Challenge: A.	
Silver Challenge: A + G.	
Compace a malady using simple whythms and	
Compose a melody using simple rhythms and use as part of the performance.	0.1101.11
	Gold Challenge: A, G + E.
Using the notes: A, G + E.	
3 – Perform & Share	
Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an	Using the notes: E, G, A, C + D.
instrumental part, improvising or by	Osing the notes. L, d, A, C + D.
performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss	
their thoughts and feelings	
The troughts and recinity	

Yorke Mead Primary School Music Curriculum

towards it afterwards. Was it carefully planned to suit the audience? Did you communicate ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music? Discuss and talk musically about it. What went well? What could have been better?

Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse.

Vocabulary: Melody, compose, improvise, cover, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure, dimensions of music, hook, riff, solo, civil rights, gender equality, unison, harmony.

Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.

Previous Learning	Core Learning Intentions	Extension Opportunities
To be reinforced	Age Related	Next steps
Most children will know the pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to make a song sound interesting, and be able to keep the internal pulse. Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to.	Black text: Most children will be working at this expected standard. Aqua text: Others will be working at greater depth. 1 - Listen & Appraise The children can: • Talk about the music of the featured artists. • Talk about any musical connection with previous knowledge and understanding. Explain why they would or would not go to a concert by one of the featured artists Explain which inspirational woman listed on the timeline they would like to meet, and why. 2 - About the Artists Most children: Talk about why four female artists were chosen for this unit. Talk about any of the key words or themes from the videos and relate them to themselves. Begin to talk about the impact of the artist's family and culture on their music. 3 - Create Most children will be able to talk about how they planned and wrote their composition in broad terms eg: • Which options they chose and why • The key themes they have used in their lyrics • The tools they used • The sections they particularly like and dislike and say why Some will be able to talk about if and how they were inspired by the featured artists. Identify the most important thing about the composition	See core intentions.
	4 - Perform, Share and Present The children can: Present the performance in an interesting and engaging way Reflect on its strengths and weaknesses Talk about their identity in the music and the performance Most children will know about their own contribution to the composition. Others will take on a musical leadership, creating musical ideas for the group to respond to.	

Yorke Mead Primary School
Music Curriculum

Vocabulary: Gender turntablist, DJing, pr Acoustic music, cult
--